Building Forward Better: Transformation Pathways & the Social and Solidarity Economy

Katherine Gibson Institute for Culture and Society Western Sydney University

9th CIRIEC International Conference on Social Economy, Seoul, July 2023









The University of Manchester The Whitworth



the Whitworth

What's On Visit Collection About Get Involved Shop

Economics the Blockbuster – It's not Business as Usual

30 June – 22 October 2023 Exploring new ways of being, working and doing business.

Redrawing Our Economy

As a Useful Museum, we believe art is an integral part of everyday life. We can use creativity and artistic thinking to address what matters in people's lives and propose solutions to problems in the world.

As part of this vision, we are using art to explore our understanding of economics. We recognise that economy is more than money. It is also made up of people, nature, materials, values, relationships and support systems that shape our daily conditions.

The staff at the Whitworth have been working with the Centre for Plausible Economies and Textbook Studio to understand the gallery's economy and imagine better ways that it can operate. Throughout 2023, this visual exploration will be developed here in the School of Creativity, and our work shared in public.

Textb

based interprinto th



My starting premise:

#BlackLivesMatter

AND ACT



WE NEED TO THINK

24%



https://www.newyorker.com/news/john-cassidy/ pikettys-inequality-story-in-six-charts



https://edition.cnn.com/2021/03/06/asia/australia-rapeallegations-women-anger-intl-dst-hnk/index.html

INCOME INEQUALITY IN ANGLO-SAXON COUNTRIES, 1910-2010

Building Forward Better:

Transformation Pathways & the Social and Solidarity Economy

Where are we? Where are we going?

Where are we?

Social & solidarity economy---consolidation and recognition



New UN Resolution On Social And Solidarity Economy 2023

"Promoting the Social and Solidarity Economy for Sustainable Development" (A/77/L.60)

2023

Mainstreaming of a discourse of the social economy

- the language is now accepted
- policy re SSE mainstreamed
- visibility of *for purpose* activities and enterprises
- a more balanced view of the Economy

1908 CIRIEC Annals of Collective Economy Edgard Milhaud

1997 EMES International Research Network

New UN Resolution On Social And Solidarity Economy 2023

"Promoting the Social and Solidarity Economy for Sustainable Development" (A/77/L.60)

Encourages

- Legal frameworks
- National statistics
- Procurement incentives
- Education curricula, research initiatives
- Financial services
- Participation in policy making process

JUP +37%

388 new EOBs in the 12 months since last EO day in June 2022



39.1% Professional services* 13.2% Manufacturing 12.5% Construction 11.6% Wholesale and retail trade 8.3% Information & Communication

* Includes Professional, Scientific & Technical Activities and Administrative and Support Service Activities



Employee Ownership in the UK

Participation in policy making process



- \$11.6 million over 3 years for the Social Enterprise Development Initiative
- \$100 million over 5 years to establish an Outcomes Fund



Encyclopedia – of – THE SOCIAL AND SOLIDARITY ECONOMY



Edited by Ilcheong Yi 2023

• Education curricula, research initiatives

Diverse Economies and Livable Worlds Series

SERIES EDITORS: J. K. GIBSON-GRAHAM, STEPHEN HEALY, MALIHA SAFRI, AND KEVIN ST. MARTIN

English translation by Josh Booth 2023

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https://www.communityeconomies.org/resources/community-resources/community-partnering-local-development



Building Social Enterprises in the Philippines: Strategies for Local Development



Routledge Studies in Social Enterprise & Social Innovation

SOCIAL ENTERPRISE IN ASIA

THEORY, MODELS AND PRACTICE

Edited by Eric Bidet and Jacques Defourny





Formal (capitalist) Economy

business as usual

Social and Solidarity Economy

no longer the excluded 'other'



Bifurcating ??

The solidarity complements the social economy and adds the political dimension into the economy---a more politically explicit form of SE a 'move beyond the palliative function' to gaining power in the economy Laville 2023 p.225

Social and Solidarity Economy



Where are we?

Social & solidarity economy---consolidation and recognition

Capitalist economy---under question



(Bildiğimiz) Kapitalizmin Sonu siyasal iktisadın feminist eleştirisi

J.K.Gibson-Graham



Mainstream discourse of Economy has changed

1996

Reimagining Capitalism

The **Hewlett Foundation's Economy and Society** Initiative launched in December 2020 with an initial

five-year, \$50 million commitment to replace the dominant economic paradigm of the last half-century: neoliberalism.

Our aim is to help create a new "common sense" about how the economy works, the aims it should serve, and how it should be structured to best meet the biggest challenges we face.

https://hewlett.org/toward-a-new-common-sense-for-the-economy/

"Neoliberalism's anti-government, free-market fundamentalism is simply not suited for today's economy and society,"

says Larry Kramer, president of the Hewlett Foundation.

https://hewlett.org/toward-a-new-common-sense-for-the-economy/

The Global Order Isn't Working. It's Time for Something Different.

Darren Walker

The president of the Ford Foundation.

UR international rules-based order through which the world's nations pursue global peace and development is crashing into the limits of its founding vision. What our predecessors built some eight decades ago, after the Second World War - from the World Bank and International Monetary Fund to the United Nations - is in desperate need of repair. But it remains essential, and salvageable.

For billions of people, the stakes could not be higher. This is painfully true for the people of Ukraine, where Vladimir Putin continues his malevolent invasion of a sovereign nation and subversion of international law. It's also true across the Global South, where I believe our global development finance system has proved outdated, outmoded and outmatched.

We must reform the architecture of our global order - the blueprint for our system of international relations and development finance.

Group of 7 countries, major global-development organizations and big global foundations remain too uncomfortable, too unwilling, to expand their range of funding and planning partners, especially stakeholders from the Global South. Many of us assume that our so-called expertise is more valuable or relevant than the experience of the communities affected by today's crises.

Of course, these are precisely the individuals and organizations to whom we should be listening, because they are most proximate to the problems that we can only solve together.

According to a recent study from the United Nations Development Program, during 2020 and 2021, nine of every 10 countries have actually slid backward on the Human



economies of poor nations. As the world transitions to recovery, the inequities are Our predecessors only widening, both between and within countries.

built a world of

losers. We can do

winners and

better.

The picture is hardly better for what should be a shared effort to mitigate and adapt to the global climate emergency and to meet the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals more broadly. In 2009, for example, the world's wealthy nations pledged that, by 2020, they would contribute nationalism, fascism and global conflagration.

This vision found its consummate expression at the Bretton Woods Conference in 1944, where delegates created the World Bank and International Monetary Fund and then in the charter of the United Nations a year later. With support from a range of institutions, including the Ford Foundation, it evolved and expanded to include a plethora of development agencies, a complex mix of government multilateral and civil society

Union, and across Asia, A East and Latin America. For another, it reinforce licated the inequalities it of mantled, dividing the world recipients, creditors and del takers, winners and losers. face of imperialism and co Today, the challenges that compound on one another. We're engaged in a gen between authoritarian ide cratic values in countries t cluding our own, but we're the cutting-edge thinking The consequences of cli next pandemic or next rec relegated to one country of perienced first and worst vulnerable in every cour everyone's security in tur Global leaders should principles for reform, t wrongs and to seize new progress.

to impede the proxy wars

particularly the United St

First, we must recogni good, but not good enough beyond G.D.P. to measur ward what matters most: and human dignity of peo

try. Second, we must think and for the longer term. vestment in equitable dev far more cost effective that consequences of our failu

the decades ahead. Most important, we mu people affected by 21stand the development con es to them - have a voice and programs that serve The global on

FORDFOUNDATION

WORK WORLDWIDE *

LEARNING



Darren Walker President of the Ford Foundation



But while free markets have led to prosperity for some, they have also generated increasingly harmful and untenable inequities across economic, racial, and geographic lines.

We are capitalists who know that the current form of capitalism is fundamentally broken.





N OMIDYAR NETWORK"



Boldness

We aspire to address some of the most complex and critical economic and social problems of our time by challenging orthodoxy, making catalytic bets, embracing risk and ambiguity, and being creative in the way we work, to create positive, systemic change in the world.

"The trajectory of the Anthropocene: The Great Acceleration"

Will Steffan et al 2015 *The Anthropocene Review*







Formal (capitalist) Economy



Social and Solidarity Economy

Mainstreaming ??

Reimagining capitalism..... How?

Reimagining Capitalism ??

Harvard Kennedy School's Reimagining the Economy Project

MIT Economics Department's Shaping the Future of Work Program

Howard University's Center for an Equitable and Sustainable Society

Johns Hopkins University's Center for Economy and Society

 mine past versions of liberalism for solutions that may remedy neoliberalism's shortcomings

The Santa Fe Institute

 use mathematical and computational theory to study the emergence of alternative political economies



Harvard Kennedy School's Reimagining the Economy Project

• analyzing data from *local labor markets* in order to better understand the *implications of policymaking on local economies*.

MIT Economics Department's Shaping the Future of Work Program

 analyze forces contributing to the *erosion of job quality and labor market opportunity* for *workers without college degrees* including technology, *trade, rent-sharing, and managerial practices*

Deindustrialized Detroit

Reimagining capitalism..... How?

- No mention of the social and solidarity economy
- No acknowledgement of econogenic harm



Econogenic harm

The failure of the economics profession to engage ethically with economic and economist- induced harm matters.

...the illiberal turn in US and world politics can be traced in part to the failures of the economics profession over the past fifty years or so to grapple adequately with harm.

The economics profession is culpable in the contemporary backlash against democratic governance, civic obligation, and racial and other forms of equality.

It is equally culpable in inducing the social conditions that promote the widespread rejection of expertise in policy making. The profession shares responsibility for the erosion of solidarity and empathy that marks contemporary politics in too many societies.

Moral geometry (calculus)

Deciding what kinds of harm are appropriate to impose on some members of society for the wellbeing of others— by way of simple math problems.

Pretending to know (better)

"The laws of economics, it's often forgotten, are like the laws of engineering.....There's only one set of laws and they work everywhere.One of the things I have learnt in my short time at the World Bank is that whenever anyone says 'but economics works differently here' they are about to say something dumb"

Larry Summers 1991 World Bank-IMF meeting, quoted in DeMartino 2022 page 6


Harvard Kennedy School's Reimagining the Economy Project

 analyzing data from *local labor markets* in order to better understand the *implications of policymaking on local economies*.

.....such as the decimation wrought by neoliberal policies promoting trade liberalization?

MIT Economics Department's Shaping the Future of Work Program

 analyze forces contributing to the erosion of job quality and labor market opportunity for workers without college degrees including technology, trade, rent-sharing, and managerial practices

.....that were prescribed by neoliberalism

- Addressing the harm (very place specific) wrought by trade liberalization on non-college educated workers
- Addressing structural harm
- Motivated by the corrective impulse





What about??

The harm of biasing a monolithic capitalist economy ?

rather than supporting a diverse economy that allows for multiple options for livelihood support?



Reimaging the economy could mean increasing the diversity of business

Supporting businesses that are for purpose (social and environmental well being) and not only for profit

DIVERSE ECONOMIES

Labour

WAGE

Otherly PAID

Self-employed Reciprocal labour In kind Work-for-welfare Slave labour

UNPAID Housework Volunteer Family care Self-provisioning

Transactions MARKET Other MARKET Fair trade **Alternative** currencies Underground market NON-MARKET Household sharing **Gift giving** Hunting, fishing Gleaning Theft, poaching

Enterprise CAPITALIST More than CAPITALIST **Family business** State-owned **Socially responsible** Non-profit NON-CAPITALIST Worker co-operative Sole proprietorship **Social enterprise Community enterprise Feudal enterprise Slave enterprise**

Property PRIVATE Collectively Owned State managed assets **Customary (clan) Community land** trusts **OPEN** ACCESS **Atmosphere** International waters **Open source IP**

Finance

MAINSTREAM **Other MARKET State banks Credit Unions Micro-finance Community financial** institutions **NON-MARKET** Sweat equity **Family lending** Donations Interest free loans

Where are we?

Social & solidarity economy---consolidation and recognition Capitalist economy---under question

Economics---unquestioned

Where are we going?

DeMartino argues for an Economics that is

- Harm-centric
- Ignorance-based
- Abandons the presumption of a bright line separating positive economic science from normative judgements
- Develops competence in ethical deliberation

Are we in a position to propose a replacement paradigm?

To 'perform' postcapitalist economies?

What would it take for a figure ground shift in economic thinking?

Feminist image







Illustration of the visual framework "Doughnut Economy". © Recipes for Wellbeing

Transformation Pathways



AUSTRALIAN SHARES



How do we free ourselves from an ideology of progress that has installed economic growth (made it sacred) at the heart of social functioning, thus evading the test of collective decisions?

Laville, 2023



Four qtr %

Decommodified Basic Assets GROWTH!

REPARATION payments GROWING!

Private wealth funds BEING SHARED AUSTRALIAN SHARES SOCIAL SURPLUS GROWING 219 **ECOLOGICAL FOOTPRINTS reducing**

